This is an Open-Book Take-Home Examination



# පේරාදෙණිය විශ්වවිදතාලය UNIVERSITY OF PERADENIYA, SRI LANKA

# දුරස්ථ හා අඛණ්ඩ අධාාපන කේන්දුය CENTRE FOR DISTANCE AND CONTINUING EDUCATION

ශාස්තුවේදී සාමානා උපාධි පරීක්ෂණය බාහිර - 2020 GENERAL DEGREE EXAMINATION IN ARTS (EXTERNAL) -

## EPIC AND THEATRE – GRSE 101 (NEW SYLLABUS)

The total number of questions in this paper is 06. Answer question one (01) and select at least one (01) question each from Part I and Part II, and answer a total of Four (04) questions.

- 1. Comment on the subject matter of FOUR (04) of the following, referring them to their contexts. Do not write more than TWO (02) pages per question.
- a) She found Odysseus sitting on the shore. His eyes were wet with weeping, as they always were.
- b) The deep and total trap was now complete; The Father sent the gods' fast messenger To bring the gift to Epimetheus.
- c) What is the meaning of this loud argument,
  You quarrelsome men? I wonder you are not ashamed,
  In this time of distress, to air your private troubles.
  Come in, my husband; and Creon, you go home.
  You are making much of some unimportant grievance.

- d) Having this shrine of the Nymphs next door is such a plague, I reckon there's only one thing for it: pull down my house And build another somewhere else. Look at these thieves At their sacrifice!
- e) A father's duty then is to train his son to choose the right course of his own free will, not from fear of another: this marks the difference between a father and a tyrant in the home.

(4x5)

#### PART 1

## Do not write more than FIVE (05) pages per question

### 2. EITHER

(i) "In the *Odyssey*, it is the gods that rule over the mortals." Do you agree with this statement? Give your reasons.

OR

(ii) Analyze Odysseus as an epic hero by supporting your arguments with examples from Homer's *Odyssey*.

## 3. EITHER

(i) Examine the portrayal of the divine beings in Hesiod's *Theogony*.

OR

(ii) "Hesiod's *Works and Days* is undeniably a didactic poem." Discuss this statement with relevant examples from the poem.

### PART II

- 4. Evaluate how Oedipus' anger and pride (hubris) caused his downfall in Sophocles' King Oedipus.
- 5. Discuss with examples the daily concerns of domestic life that Menander presents in his play, *The Bad Tempered-Man*.
- 6. Critically explain your views regarding the upbringing of children with reference to Terence's *Brothers*.

(4x20)